R / Bioconductor for Sequence Analysis

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Bioconductor

Goal Help biologists understand their data

- Focus

 Sequence analysis
 - Expression and other microarray
 - Imaging, flow cytometry, ...
- Themes Based on the *R* programming language statistics, visualization, interoperability
 - Reproducible scripts, vignettes, packages
 - Open source / open development
 - Contributions from 'core' members and (primarily academic) user community
 - Status > 460 packages; very active web site and mailing list; annual conferences; courses; . . .

Overall work flow

- 1. Experimental design
- 2. Sample preparation
- 3. Sequencing fastq files
- 4. Alignment bam files
- Quality assessment (before & after alignment)
- 6. 'Domain-specific' analysis RNAseq, ChIPseq, . . .

Italic: role for Bioconductor



Malone and Oliver (2011)

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Italic: role for Bioconductor

RNAseq: gene abundance

- Estimate or count reads overlapping genes
- Machine learning
- Between-group comparison

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- Gene set enrichment
- Annotation

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Italic: role for Bioconductor

RNAseq: transcript abundance

- Alignment to known gene models, or to whole genome
- Count reads overlapping transcripts or exons
- Machine learning
- Between-group comparison
- Gene set enrichment
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Example work flow in *passila* experiment data package vignette

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Italic: role for Bioconductor

ChIPseq

- Find peaks, e.g., MACS, chipseq, 59 others...
- Annotation
- Designed experiments?

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Quality assessment

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50 ovarian cancer, 13 benign / normal RNAseq samples



Differential representation in ovarian cancer vs. control



logConc

KEGG terms under-represented in ovarian cancers

	Description	P Value
1	Spliceosome	0.0017
3	Ribosome	0.0073
5	Cell cycle	0.0123

 \Rightarrow Investigate intron abundances

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Annotation and data integration

- Retrieve gene models (coordinates)
- Identify human genes in 'spliceosome', 'ribosome', and 'cell cycle' KEGG pathways.
- Discover and retrieve GEO expression arrays related to ovarian carcinomas.

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 Query 1000 genomes BAM files for regions of interest, e.g., 'spliceosome' genes.

Integrate 86 Paired HMS HG-CGH-244A TCGA samples



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Common work flows

Input / output

- Fasta, fastq ShortRead
- SAM / BAM Resultools
- Genome tracks & related formats rtracklayer

Pre-processing / manipulation / count & measure

- String manipulation, pattern matching Biostrings
- Quality assessment ShortRead
- Finding / counting overlaps GenomicRanges

Analysis domains

- RNAseq e.g., DESeq, edgeR, goseq
- ChIPseq e.g., rGADEM, ChIPpeakAnno

Annotation / variants

 AnnotationDbi / org.*, GenomicFeatures, BSgenome, biomaRt

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Useful data structures

DNAString, DNAStringSet

- Sequences and character-encoded quality scores
- ► Biostrings, BSgenome, ShortRead

GappedAlignments

- Sequence alignment coordinates
- CIGAR, e.g., a read aligning with 25 matches or mismatches, then an insertion relative to reference of 5 nucleotides, and then 7 more matches or mismatches is 25M 5I 7M
- ► GenomicRanges, Rsamtools

GRanges / GRangesList

- Ranges of genomic coordinates
- E.g., simple genes (*GRanges*), exons within transcripts (*GRangesList*)

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► GenomicFeatures, GenomicRanges, IRanges

Effective compulational software

Effective computational biology software

- 1. Extensive: data, annotation
- 2. Statistical: volume, technology, experimental design

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- 3. Reproducible: long-term, multi-participant science
- 4. Current: novel, technology-driven
- 5. Accessible: affordable, transparent, usable

Bioconductor

Who

- FHCRC: Hervé Pagès, Marc Carlson, Nishant Gopalakrishnan, Valerie Obenchain, Dan Tenenbaum, Chao-Jen Wong
- Robert Gentleman (Genentech), Vince Carey (Harvard / Brigham & Women's), Rafael Irizzary (Johns Hopkins), Wolfgang Huber (EBI, Hiedelberg)
- A large number of contributors, world-wide

Resources

- http://bioconductor.org: installation, packages, work flows, courses, events
- Mailing list: friendly prompt help
- Conference: Morning talks, afternoon workshops, evening social. 28-29 July, Seattle, WA. Developer Day July 27

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Citations

J. H. Malone and B. Oliver. Microarrays, deep sequencing and the true measure of the transcriptome. *BMC Biol.*, 9:34, 2011.

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